

BECOMING INDEPENDENT SUCCESSFUL HONEST OPEN-MINDED PEOPLE



### Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

#### National Curriculum 2014 and EYFS Framework 2021

#### **Reception (ELGs)**

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes & songs

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and (where appropriate) try to move in time to the music

#### Key stage 1

Pupils should be taught to:

- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
- play tuned and untuned instruments musically
- listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.

#### Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.

Pupils should be taught to:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music.



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## Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

### **Key Music Learning- Knowledge Progression**

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Early Learning Goal:  Children talk about their own	Know how to use my voice to speak, sing and chant.	Know how to sing and follow a melody.	Know how to sing a tune with expression.  Know how to	Know how to sing songs from memory with accurate pitch.	Know how to breathe in the correct place when singing.	Know how to sing in harmony confidently and accurately.
ideas and processes which have led them to make music.  They can talk about the features of their	Know how to use instruments to perform.  Know how to clap short rhythmic	Know how to perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse.	play clear notes on instruments.  Know how to use different elements in my composition.	Know how to perform a simple part rhythmically.  Know how to improvise using	Know how to maintain my part whilst others are performing their part.	Know how to perform parts from memory.  Know how to take the lead in a performance.
own and others work (compositions), recognising the differences between them and the strengths of others	patterns.  Know how to make different sounds with my voice and with instruments.  Know how to repeat short rhythmic and	Know how to play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument.  Know how to sing or clap increasing and decreasing tempo.	Know how to create repeated patterns with different instruments.  Know how to compose melodies and songs.	repeated patterns.  Know how to use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches.  Know how to	Know how to improvise within a group using melodic and rhythmic phrases.  Know how to change sounds or organise them differently	Know how to use a variety of different musical devices in my composition (including melody, rhythms and chords).



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melo	lodic	Know how to	Know how to	use notation to	to change the	Know how to
patte	terns.	order sounds to	create	record	effect.	evaluate how
mak	ow how to ke a uence of	create a beginning, middle and an end.	accompaniments for tunes.  Know how to	compositions in a small group or on my own.	Know how to compose music which meets	the venue, occasion and purpose affects
Sour Know resp diffe in m		Know how to create music in response to different starting points.  Know how to choose sounds which create an	combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling. Know how to use musical words to	Know how to explain why silence is often needed in music and explain what effect it has.  Know how to	specific criteria.  Know how to use notation to record groups of pitches (chords).  Know how to	the way a piece of music is created.  Know how to analyse features within different pieces of music.  Know how to
diffe	represent erent things.	effect.  Know how to use	describe a piece of music and compositions.	identify the character in a piece of music.	choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music.	compare and contrast the impact that different
abou	ow cructions out when to y and sing.	symbols to represent sounds.  Know how to	Know how to use musical words to describe what I	Know how to identify and describe the different	Know how to describe, compare and	composers from different times have had on people of that
say y	ow how to whether I or dislike a ce of music.	make connections between notations and musical sounds.	like and do not like about a piece of music.	purposes of music.  Know how to begin to identify	evaluate music using musical vocabulary.	time.



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Know how to improve my own work.	Know how to improve my work; explaining how it has been improved.	the style of work of different famous composers.	Know how to explain why I think music is successful or unsuccessful.
Know how to listen out for particular things when listening to music.	Know how to recognise the work of at least one famous composer.		Know how to contrast the work of a famous composer with another, and explain my preferences.



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## Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

#### **Key Music Learning- Skills Progression**

#### **Performing with voices:**

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Vear R  Use their voice to speak/sing/chant.  Join in with singing.  Clap short rhythmic patterns.	Year 1  Using their voices:  Speak and chant together.  Sing songs showing.  Increasing vocal control (singing more in tune, breathing deeply, singing words clearly).	Vear 2 Using their voices: Sing a variety of songs with more accuracy of pitch. Sing words clearly and breathing at the end of phrases. Convey the mood or meaning of the song.	Using their voices: Sing songs in a variety of styles with confidence, singing an increasing number from memory. Show increasing accuracy of pitch and awareness of the shape of a	Using their voices: Sing songs in a variety of styles with an increasing awareness of the tone of their voices and the shape of the melody. Sing songs showing musical expression	Using their voices: Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles with expression. Communicate the meaning and mood of the song. Sing a simple second part of a	Using their voices: Sing confidently in a wide variety of styles with expression. Communicate the meaning and mood of the song. Sing a simple second part of a
	Sing songs in different styles conveying different moods (happy, sad, angry etc) and	Sing with a sense of control of <b>dynamics</b> (volume) and <b>tempo</b> (speed).	melody.  Imitate increasingly longer phrases with accuracy	(phrasing, changes of tempi, dynamics; reflecting the mood and character of the	two-part song with confidence.  Maintain own part in a round.  Perform a song	two-part song with confidence.  Maintain own part in a round.  Perform a song



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with sense of	Echo sing a short	with an	song and its	from memory	from memory
enjoyment.	melodic phrase.	awareness of the	context).	with attention to	with attention to
Co-ordinate actions to go with a song.  Sing in time to a steady beat.  Perform an action or a sound (clapping, stamping, etc) on the steady beat whilst singing.	Identify if the pitch is getting higher or lower, or is staying the same and copy with their voices.  Follow a leader (teacher)starting and stopping together.	phrases in a song.  Understand that posture, breathing and diction are important.  Demonstrate an awareness of character or style in performance.  Chant or sing a round in two parts.  Sing songs with a recognised structure (verse and chorus/ call and response).	Sing two/three part rounds with more confidence and increasing pitch accuracy.  Sing confidently as part of a small group or solo being aware of posture and good diction.  Copy short phrases and be able to sing up and down in step independently.	phrasing, dynamics and accuracy of pitch, for a special occasion.	phrasing, dynamics and accuracy of pitch, for a special occasion.



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# Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

### **Performing with instruments:**

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Experiment with creating sounds with different instruments.	Vear 1  Using instruments:  Play instruments by shaking, scraping, rattling, tapping etc.  Play in time to a steady beat, using instruments or body sounds.  Play loudly, quietly, fast, slow.	Using instruments: Play with control: a) maintaining steady beat b) getting faster or slower c) getting louder or quieter. Perform a repeated two	Vear 3  Using instruments:  Keep a steady beat on an instrument in a group or individually.  Maintain a rhythmic or melodic ostinato simultaneously with a different	Vear 4 Using instruments:  Maintain two or more different ostinato patterns in a small instrumental group against a steady beat.  Play music that includes rests.	Year 5 Using instruments:  Perform on a range of instruments in mixed groups to an audience, with confidence.  Read and play with confidence from conventional or	Year 6  Using instruments:  Perform on a range of instruments in mixed groups to an audience, with confidence.  Read and play with confidence from conventional or
	Imitate a rhythm pattern on an instrument.  Play a repeated rhythmic pattern (rhythmic ostinato) to	note melodic ostinato to accompany a song.  Perform a rhythm accompaniment to a song.	ostinato and/or steady beat.  Use tuned percussion with increasing confidence.	Use tuned percussion instruments with increasing confidence to accompany songs and	graphic notation.  Continue to play by ear on pitched instruments, extending the	graphic notation.  Continue to play by ear on pitched instruments, extending the



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song.  Play a single pitched note to accompany a song (drone).  Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g 'Hungry caterpillar'.  Follow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Follow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Sequence of sounds using a graphic score.  Work and perform in smaller groups.  Play using symbols including graphic and / or simple traditional notation.  Follow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Sequence of sounds using a graphic score.  Work and perform in smaller groups.  Play using symbols including graphic and / or simple traditional notation.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader.  Perform with on sensitivity to sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Lead/conduct a group of instrumental performers.  Play using tuned sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Read and play from some conventional music symbols.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader.  Perform with an awarenes of two or three time.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader.  Perform with an awarenes of two or three time.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Lead/conduct a group of instrumental performers.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Combine instrumental performers.  Play music in a metre of two or three time.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Pollow a leader, songle played.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Pollow a leader, songle played.	accompany	Dorform a	Conv. a chart	improvice	longth of	longth of
Play a single pitched note to accompany a song (drone).  Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g. 'Hungry caterpillar'.  Pollow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Play a single pitched note to accompany a graphic score.  Work and perform instrument.  Work and perform instrument.  Play using symbols including graphic and / or simple traditional notation.  Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g. 'Hungry caterpillar'.  Demonstrate some confidence in performing as a group and as an indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Pollow a leader (teacher) starting and stopping together.  Demonstrate some confidence in performing as a group and as an individual.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine musical sounds using a pitched instrument.  Play by ear on a pitched instrument.  Play by ear on a pitched instrument.  Play by ear on a pitched instruments.  Play music in a metre of two or three time.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine musical sounds with narrative and movement.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine musical sounds with narrative and movement.  Pollow a leader, find known phrases or short melodies using tuned sensitivity to sensitivity to sensitivity to sensitivity to sensitivity to sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Perform with an ametre of two or three time.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine instrumental paying with narrative and movement.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine musical sounds with narrative and movement.  Pollow a leader, find known phrases or short melodies using tuned sensitivity to sensitivity to dynamics, tempi.  Perform with an ametre of two or three time.  Combine instrumental paying with narrative and movement.  Perform with an ametre of two or three time.  Combine instrumental playing with narrative and movement.  Pollow a leader, stopping tuned sensitivity to sensitivity to dynamics, tempi.  Combine instrumental paying with narrative and movement.  Perform	accompany a	Perform a	Copy a short	improvise.	length of	length of
Play a single pitched note to accompany a song (drone).  Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g. 'Hungry caterpillar'.  Follow simple hand signals indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Play a single pitched note to accompany a graphic score.  Play with help the rhythmic pattern of a spoken sentence, e.g. 'Hungry caterpillar'.  Follow simple in performing as a group and as an indicating: loud/quiet and start/stop.  Play using symbols including graphic and / or simple traditional notation.  Follow simple hand directions from a leader. Follow simple hand directions from a leader. Combine musical sounds with narrative and movement.  Play using symbols instruments.  Play using symbols instruments.  Play using graphic and / or simple traditional notation.  Read and play from some conventional music symbols.  Intercles played. Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  Lead/conduct a group of instrumental performers.  Perform with an awareness of others.  Combine instrument.  Follow a leader (teacher) starting and stoopping traditional notation.  Read and play from some conventional music symbols.  Follow simple from some conventional music symbols.  Follow a leader (teacher) starting and stoopping / tempi.  Therched instrument.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  The played.  Perform with sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  The provide sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  The provide sensitivity to a different dynamics, tempi.  The provide sensitivity to a sensitivity to a sensitivity to a sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  The provide sensitivity to different dynamics, tempi.  The provide sensitivity to a sensitivity to	song.	•	-	Play by oar -	•	
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Combine movement.  Maintain own part on a part on a pitched instrument in a movement i			others.	playing with	<u>-</u>	-
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with narrative and movement.  Follow a leader, stopping / pitched instrument in a instrument in a			Combine	movement.	Maintain own	Maintain own
with narrative and movement.  Follow a leader, stopping / pitched instrument in a instrument in a			musical sounds		part on a	part on a
and movement. stopping / instrument in a instrument in a			with narrative	Follow a leader,	•	•
starting playing				stopping /	•	l •
			ana movement	starting, playing	small ensemble.	small ensemble.
Perform a faster/ slower similar ensemble.			Perform a	faster/ slower	Sitiali Cilscilibie.	Sitiali Cilscilibie.



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composed piece	and louder /	Perform own	Perform own
to a friendly	quieter.	compositions to	compositions to
audience, as a member of a group or class.	Perform to an audience of adults, an	an audience Use an mp3 recorder/video	an audience.  Use an mp3 recorder/video
	assembly or	recorder to keep	recorder to keep
	other classes with increasing confidence.	a record of work in progress and record performances.	a record of work in progress and record performances.
		Know what makes a good performance.	Know what makes a good performance.



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# Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

### **Explore & Compose:**

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Clap short, rhythmic	Explore:	Explore:	Explore:	Explore:	Explore:	Explore:
patterns.	Different sounds made by the voice	Ways in which sounds are made	Longer - shorter /faster - slower	Sounds to create particular effects	Chords/harmony – concord and	Chords/harmony – concord and
Make different sounds (high and	and hands (timbre).	(tapped, blown, scraped, shaken),	/ higher - lower / louder -	(timbre).	discord.	discord.
low – pitch; loud and quiet – dynamics; fast	High and low sounds (pitch).	and can be changed.	quieter sounds on tuned and untuned	Rhythm patterns in music from different times	Scales, such as pentatonic, rag, blues.	Scales, such as pentatonic, rag, blues.
and slow – tempo; quality of the sound –	Long and short sounds (duration).	Long and short sounds (rhythm – duration).	percussion and voices.	and places (duration).	Texture created by layering	Texture created by layering
smooth, crisp, scratchy, rattling,	Loud and quiet sounds	The rhythm patterns of words	Pitch notes moving by step (notes adjacent	The pentatonic scale.	rhythmic and/or melodic ostinatos.	rhythmic and/or melodic ostinatos.
tinkling etc timbre).	(dynamics).  Fast and slow	and sentences. Changes in pitch	to each other) and by leap	Pitched notes that move by steps and/ or leaps to	Developing ideas, using	Developing ideas, using
Make a range of sounds with their	sounds (tempo). Pitch shapes	(higher and lower).	(notes with gaps between them).	make short phrases/melodies.	musical devices such as	musical devices such as
voice.  Make a range of sounds with	(moving up and down) and rhythmic patterns.	Sequences of sound (structure).	Symbols to represent sound (graphic scores	Music that describes feelings or moods using	repetition, question and answer,	repetition, question and answer,



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:	3	Carrada in	/ L d:L: l	Name of an Vanlant		
instruments.	Composing:	Sounds in	/ traditional	`tense' or `calm'	ostinato.	ostinato.
pictorially.  Begin to sequence sounds to create a rhythm or beat.  Repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns Begin to read pictorial representations of music? (e.g. colour- coded bells, music story maps).	Add sound effects to a story.  Choose musical cound effects to collow a story ine or match a sicture.  Use graphics/symbols to portray the counds they have made.  Sequence these symbols to make a simple structure score).  Compose own sequence of counds without help and	response to a stimulus (visual or aural).  How sounds can be manipulated to convey different effects and moods.  Compose:  Short melodic phrases.  Short repeated rhythmic patterns (ostinato).  Rhythm patterns from words.  A piece of music that has a beginning, middle and end (structure).	notation).  The sounds of different instruments - timber and how they can represent pictures/ stories/moods.  The different sounds (timbres) that one instrument can make.  How the musical elements can be combined to compose descriptive music.  Compose:  Words and	sounds using dynamics, different tempi, different timbres etc.  Combining and controlling sounds to achieve a desired effect.  Music that incorporates effective silences (rests).  Different groupings of beats (metre of 2/3).  Compose:  A simple rhythmic accompaniment to a song using	Characteristics of various styles, for example, Blues, Rap, Gospel, Folk, African etc.  Improvising in a variety of styles.  Compose/Arrange: (always considering the musical elements)  Create own simple songs reflecting the meaning of the words.  Compose music, a rap, a melody	Characteristics of various styles, for example, Blues, Rap, Gospel, Folk, African etc.  Improvising in a variety of styles.  Compose/ Arrange: (always considering the musical elements)  Create own simple songs reflecting the meaning of the words.  Compose music, a rap, a melody



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per	rform.	Music that has	actions to go	ostinato	with an ostinato	with an ostinato
		long and short	with songs.	patterns and	accompaniment.	accompaniment
		long and short sounds, and/or changes in tempo, timbre and dynamics, in small groups.  Music that conveys different moods.	with songs.  A simple rhythmic accompaniment to go with a song, using ostinato patterns.  Music that has a recognisable structure; beginning, middle and end or verse/chorus.  Music that tells a story, paints a picture or creates a mood.  Music that uses repetition / echo.	drones.  A simple melody from a selected group of notes (i.e. a pentatonic scale).  Music that has a recognisable structure.  A piece of music that reflects images/and atmosphere, that has a clearly defines plan, making subtle adjustments to achieve the intended effect.	Arrange a song for class performance with appropriate pitched and unpitched accompaniment.  Refine own compositions after discussion.  Use a range of symbols (conventional/ graphic) to record compositions.  Use ICT (computers/iPad /tablets/MP3 recorders etc.) to record,	Arrange a song for class performance with appropriate pitched and unpitched accompaniment.  Refine own compositions after discussion.  Use a range of symbols (conventional/ graphic) to record compositions.  Use ICT (computers/iPad /tablets/MP3 recorders etc.) to record,
				Arrange a song	sample,	sample,



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		using tunes and	sequence, loop	sequence, loop
		untuned	and manipulate	and manipulate
		accompaniments	sound to create	sound to create
		developed from	soundscapes/	soundscapes/.
		the song and	compositions.	
		perform to a		
		friendly		
		audience.		
		Use a range of		
		ICT to		
		sequence,		
		compose, record		
		and share work.		



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## Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

### Listen, Reflect & Appraise:

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Say if they like or dislike a piece of music.  Identify and distinguish environmental sounds.  Begin to describe the sounds (e.g. loud, quiet, high, low, fast, slow).  Begin to express how music	Listening: Listen to a piece of music and move in time to its steady beat.  Recognise and respond through movement /dance to the different musical characteristics and moods of music.  Recognise the sounds of the percussion instruments	Listen with increased concentration.  Recognise the sounds of the percussion instruments used, their names, how they are played and which ones can make high and low sounds.  Recognise how sounds are made — tapping, rattling, scraping, blowing etc	Listen with concentration to longer pieces extracts of music.  Listen to live/recorded extracts of different kinds of music and identify where appropriate - a steady beat / no steady beat - a specific rhythm pattern or event - the speed (TEMPO) of the music - the volume	Recognise aurally the range of percussion (tuned and untuned) used in school and some individual orchestral instruments taught in school.  Recognise and talk about some contrasting styles of music in broad terms, using appropriate	Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide variety of instruments and instrumentation.  Identify and discuss 'what happens when' within simple musical structures.  Recognise and identify features of expression (phrasing,	Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide variety of instruments and instrumentation.  Identify and discuss 'what happens when' within simple musical structures.  Recognise and identify features of expression (phrasing,
makes them feel?	used in the classroom and identify and	Identify different qualities of sound such as smooth, scratchy, clicking,	(DYNAMICS) - the melody using appropriate musical	musical language (the tempo,	melody, harmony, different, dynamics, metre	melody, harmony, different, dynamics, metre



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Appraising:  Begin to use musical terms (louder/quieter, faster/slower).  Begin to articulate how changes in speed, pitch and dynamics effect the mood.  Recognise and respond to different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch.  Respond through movement/dance to different musical characteristics and moods (angrily, sadly, cheerfully, daintily etc.).  Recognise music from different times and countries and countries music from different sidentifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar drums etc).  Identify common characteristics.  Recognise music from different times and countries didentifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Identify repeated Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to knowledge to in live or recorded music.  Recognise and respond to different carbon characteristics.  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music.  Identify repeated Vise or talk about and talk about and talk about and talk about and recorded music.	nam	me them. ring	iging (timbre).	terms/language.	dynamics,	and tempi) in an	and tempi) in an
Appraising:  Respond to different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch.  Respond through movement/dance to different musical characteristics and moods (angrily, sadly, cheerfully, daintily etc.).  Respond to different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch.  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar drums etc).  Identify common characteristics.  Recognise music from different times and countries identifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Similarities and differences.  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus.  Recognise music countries music from different times and countries identifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Identify common characteristics.  Recognise music from different times and countries/times and different sound.  Identify repeated Use musical vocabulary and vocabulary and vocabulary and talk about and talk about and talk about and talk about and recorded music.				., . J J J.	metre, texture,	extract of live or	extract of live or
Begin to use musical terms (louder/quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower).  Begin to articulate how changes in speed, pitch and dynamics effect the mood.  different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch.  Respond through movement/dance to different musical characteristics and moods (angrily, sadly, cheerfully, daintily etc.).  different changes of speed (tempo)/volume (dynamics) and pitch.  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar drums etc.)  Recognise music from different times and countries identifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Similar instrumental instrumental give it its unique sound.  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus.  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus.  Recognise music countries instrumental give it its unique sound.  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus.  Recognise music from different times and countries instrumental give it its unique sound.  Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or recorded music.  Recognise aurally secondification in speed, pitch and differences.  Recognise aurally secondification in speed, pitch and different times and countries identifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or talk about and talk about and talk about and discuss music discuss music from a variety of from a	Арр		_	Identify common	timbre).	recorded music.	recorded music.
Recognise and respond to the mood of a piece of music. Begin to use music terminology when describing how.	Begi musi (loud faste high Begi artic chan spee dyna	gin to use sical terms uder/quieter, ter/slower, her/lower).  gin to iculate how anges in eed, pitch and namics effect e mood.  Res mood.  Res mood.  Res mood to combine the	spond to ferent changes speed empo)/volume ynamics) and cch. espond through ovement/dance different usical aracteristics d moods ngrily, sadly, eerfully, daintily c.). ecognise and spond to the ood of a piece music. Begin to e music rminology when escribing how	characteristics.  Recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar drums etc).  Identify repetition in music ie a song with a chorus.  Recognise aurally wooden, metal, skin percussion instruments and begin to know their names.	Recognise music from different times and countries identifying key elements that give it its unique sound.  Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or recorded music.  Identify whether a song has a verse/ chorus or call and response structure.	Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different countries/times and discuss the similarities and differences.  Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to talk about and discuss music from a variety of sources, tradition and cultures, including performances of their own and	recorded music.  Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different countries/times and discuss the similarities and differences.  Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to talk about and discuss music from a variety of sources, tradition and cultures, including performances of their own and others'



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created (i.e mood is said because the music is play very slowly quietly).	and use musical language to describe what.  3 in a piece of recorded or live music.	compositions.  Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to help identify areas for development or refinement when composing.	compositions.  Use musical vocabulary and knowledge to help identify areas for development or refinement when composing.
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# Music Curriculum Progression of Knowledge and Skills – Charanga Scheme

#### **Musical Elements:**

Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
N/A	Duration — steady beat, short and long sounds.  Pitch — high and low.  Tempo — fast and slow.  Dynamics — loud and quiet.  Timbre — the tone quality of the sound — rough, smooth, scratch etc.  Structure — phrases of a song, overall	Pitch - high, low, getting higher, getting lower.  Dynamics - loud, quiet, getting louder or quieter.  Tempo - fast, slow, getting faster or slower.  Structure - phrases of a song, overall plan of a piece of music.  Timbre - the tone quality of the sound i.e. Smooth scratchy, heavy, light, cold, warm,	Duration – beat (pulse), rhythm, longer, shorter, sustained.  Texture – layering of sounds.  Tempo – steady, faster, slower.  Dynamics – louder, quieter.  Structure – beginning, middle, end, repetition.  Pitch – notes moving by	Duration—beat (pulse), rhythm, longer, shorter, sustained.  Texture — layers of sound.  Timbre—different instruments/tone quality.  Pitch—pentatonic scales.  Structure—repetition, verse chorus/ call and response, plan.  Metre—the organisation of beats into	Duration (beat, rhythm, metre).  Pitch (melody, harmony), texture.  Timbre.  Dynamics.  Structure.  Tempo.	Duration (beat, rhythm, metre).  Pitch (melody, harmony), texture.  Timbre.  Dynamics.  Structure.  Tempo.



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plan of a piece.	dull, bright.	step/leap.	groups.	
	Duration - long and short sounds, beat, rhythm.	Timbre – sound quality of individual instruments.	Tempo-the speed of the music.	