

Year 3 History End Points	Year 4 History End Points	Year 5 History End Points	Year 6 History End Points
Through The Ages	Invasion	Dynamic Dynasties	Maafa Chille
Skills	Skills	Skills	Skills
I can sequence dates and	I can sequence significant dates	I can sequence and make	I can use abstract terms to express
information from several historical periods on a timeline.	about events within a historical time period on historical timelines.	connections between periods of world history on a timeline.	historical ideas and information.
			I can ask perceptive questions to
I can describe the everyday lives of	I can explain the cause, consequence	I can use a range of historical	evaluate an artefact or historical
people from past historical periods.	and impact of invasion and settlement in Britain.	sources or artefacts to build a picture of a historical event or person.	source.
I can describe ways in which human			I can evaluate the human impact
invention have changed how people	I can describe the significance and	I can describe the significance,	of war, oppression, conflict and
live.	impact of power struggles on Britain.	impact and legacy of power in	rebellion on the everyday life of a
		ancient civilisations.	past or ancient society.
I can make deductions and draw	I can compare and contrast two		
conclusions about the reliability of a	civilisations.	I can explain how everyday life in an	Describe the growth of the British
historical source or artefact.		ancient civilisation changed or	economy and the ways in which its
	Knowledge	continued during different periods.	growth impacted on British life.
Knowledge	I know during the period AD 410–		
I know the Stone Age is split into	1066, Britain came under attack from	I can describe the significance,	Knowledge
three periods: the Palaeolithic, the	the Picts, Scots, Anglo-Saxons,	impact and legacy of power in	I know abstract historical terms
Mesolithic and the Neolithic.	Vikings and finally the Normans.	ancient civilisations.	include colonisation, empire,
I know the Stone Age in Pritain			enslavement, rebellion and
I know the Stone Age in Britain began c750,000 BC and ended when	I know as the Anglo-Saxons settled	Knowledge	resistance.
metalworking technology arrived	across England, they created seven	I know people of the Shang Dynasty	I know common traits and motives
c2500 BC.	kingdoms that fought between	had five important religious beliefs:	of leaders and monarchs include
	themselves for power.	the three realms, ancestor worship,	accumulating wealth, spreading
I know the Bronze Age started c2500		the two souls of the human body,	religious ideologies and acquiring
BC. It ended when society in Britain	I know over time, the seven Anglo-	sacrifices and people who could	land, power and status.
and Europe collapsed.	Saxon kingdoms merged into the five	communicate with spirits.	



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I know the Iron Age in Britain started c800 BC. It ended after the invasion of the Romans in AD 43	main kingdoms of East Anglia, Kent, Mercia, Northumbria and Wessex. I know highly decorated artefacts made of precious materials suggest	I know the bronze casting technique in the Shang Dynasty enabled craftspeople to make high quality objects, including ritual bronzes for sacrifices and burials.	I know the triangular slave trade consisted of three journeys: ships from Europe sailed to Africa and exchanged European goods for enslaved people, the enslaved
I know Stone Age tools and weapons were made from stone, wood and bone.	the owner was wealthy and important I know historical information can be	I know silk and jade objects are luxurious objects that have been produced in China for thousands of	people were transported to the Caribbean and the Americas where they worked on plantations, then the ships took the goods from the
I know Bronze Age tools and weapons were made from metals, such as bronze.	presented as written texts, tables, diagrams, captions and lists.	years. I know the Shang Dynasty hierarchy	plantations back to Europe where they were sold at a profit.
I know the introduction of ironworking improved farming, trade and weapons and made people wealthy.	I know the Vikings travelled by longships to raid English monasteries because they were wealthy and unprotected. I know different civilisations can have	had the king at the top followed by the aristocrats, the military, craftspeople, peasant farmers and slaves, some of whom were offered as human sacrifices.	I know the triangular slave trade caused people to suffer because they were permanently separated from their families, punished and made to work hard labour.
I know Iron Age hillforts were protected settlements containing roundhouses built on hilltops.	similar or contrasting characteristics. I know there were three claimants to the English throne after Edward the	I know during the Shang Dynasty, royals and the elite lived in large houses or palaces in a separate part of the city to the lower social classes,	I know Britain benefitted from the enslavement of African people because the profits funded the Industrial Revolution and created
Emperors and Empires Skills I can sequence dates and	Confessor died in 1066: Harold Godwinson, Harald Hardrada and William, Duke of Normandy.	who lived in homes dug from the earth.	wealthy banks and insurance companies.
information from several historical periods on a timeline.		I know during the Shang Dynasty, men and women were not treated as equals. A woman was taught to obey	I know the Slavery Abolition Act of 1833 made Britain one of the first countries to abolish slavery
I can devise or respond to historically valid questions.		her father and when she got married, she was expected to obey her husband.	altogether.



I can describe the hierarchy and different roles in past civilisations. I can describe the achievements and influence of the ancient Romans on	Ancient Civilisations Skills I can answer and ask historically valid questions about changes over	Groundbreaking Greeks Skills I can sequence and make connections between periods of world history on a timeline.	I know Europeans colonised Africa to take its natural resources, such as gold, ivory and diamonds I know the Race Relations Act of
the wider world. I can explain the cause and effect of a significant historical event.	time and suggest or plan ways to answer them I can describe the hierarchy and	I can find evidence from different sources, identify bias and form	1965 was the first piece of British legislation that dealt with racism.
I can describe the significance and impact of power struggles on Britain.	different roles in ancient civilisations. I can explain in detail the multiple causes and effects of significant	balanced arguments. I can explain how everyday life in an ancient civilisation changed or	I can describe the causes and consequences of a significant event in history.
I can describe the 'Romanisation' of Britain, including the impact of technology, culture and beliefs.	events. I can explain how the design, decoration and materials used to	continued during different periods. I can compare and contrast an aspect of history across two or more periods studied.	I can describe the causes and consequences of a significant event in history.
I can describe how a significant event or person in British history changed or influenced how people live today.	make an artefact can provide evidence of the wealth, power and status of the object's owner. I can compare and contrast two civilisations.	I can describe the significance, impact and legacy of power in ancient civilisations.	I can describe some of the significant achievements of mankind and explain why they are important.
Knowledge I know well composed historical questions should be based around a historical concept, such as cause and effect or continuity and change.	<b>Knowledge</b> I know key terms to describe the features of a civilisation include art, city, culture, hierarchy, infrastructure, invention, religion,	I can describe the achievements and influence of the ancient Greeks on the wider world. Knowledge I know there are six periods in	<b>Knowledge</b> I know key causes of the First World War include alliances, imperialism, militarism and nationalism. I know the First World War started
I know the Roman Empire was ruled by an emperor who had absolute power and ruled for life.	trade and writing.	ancient Greek history	in 191



I know famed Roman emperors	I know Ancient Sumer was the first civilisation to develop c4500 BC	I know some secondary sources, such as historian's reports and	I know when Germany invaded France, the Allied Powers pushed
include Augustus, Claudius, Trajan,		reconstructions, may prove unreliable	them back to north-west France.
Hadrian and Constantine.	I know Ancient Sumerian inventions	due to the creator's interpretations.	This became known as the Western
	made tasks quicker and easier, such		Front.
I know the Roman hierarchy had the	as the wheel, the plough, moulded	I know Minoans were peaceful	
ruler at the top followed by the	bricks, and numbering and writing	farmers, fishermen and traders. Over	I know the First World War ended
patricians and equites of the upper	systems.	time, they developed a written	when Germany signed a peace
class and the plebians, freed people		language, became skilled artists and	agreement at 11am on the 11th of
and slaves of the lower class.	I know the hierarchy in ancient	craftsmen and built stone palaces.	November 1918. The day was
I know in 55 BC and then 54 BC the	Sumerian city states had the lugal at the top followed by priests and	I know the Myconceans were	called Armistice Day.
Roman emperor, Julius Caesar, failed	priestesses, upper class professionals	I know the Mycenaeans were influenced by the Minoans, so there	I know during the First World War,
to conquer Britain.	then lower class craftspeople,	were similarities in their religious	there were food shortages, women
	farmers and slaves.	worship, crafts and writing but there	had to take on roles traditionally
I know Boudicca, the queen of the		were differences in their attitudes	done by men and bombing raids
Celtic Iceni tribe, led a rebellion	I know in the third century BC,	toward women and military power.	caused damage and loss of life.
against Roman rule that resulted in	Sargon the Great took control of the		-
conflict, death and destruction.	city states of ancient Sumer	I know Ancient Athenian hierarchy	I know the Second World War
		had male citizens at the top followed	started in 1939 when Adolf Hitler,
I know Hadrian's Wall was built to	I know Ancient Egyptian civilisation	by metics and slaves.	the leader of Germany, invaded
defend the frontier of the Roman	grew around the banks of the Nile		Poland.
Empire from the Caledonians.	c3100 BC to 30 BC because there	I know the achievements and	The second as Dattile of Deitain success
I know the Romans built a network	was fertile soil in the floodplains.	influences of the ancient Greeks on	I know the Battle of Britain was a
of roads across Britannia, enabling	I know a pharaoh was a ruler of	the wider world include: the English alphabet and language, democracy,	major air campaign fought over southern Britain in 1940.
the Roman army, traders and citizens	ancient Egypt.	including trial by jury, sport and the	Southern britain in 1940.
to travel more quickly.		Olympic Games	I know Anne Frank and her family
	I know the 20th century discovery of	- , ,	hid in a secret annexe when
	Tutankhamun's tomb by British		Germany invaded Amsterdam in an
	archaeologist Howard Carter enabled		attempt to avoid their antisemitism.



learn more about tian pharaohs.	I know people in Britain celebrated VE day on 8th May 1945.